

## **AGREE Reporting Checklist** 2016

This checklist is intended to guide the reporting of clinical practice guidelines.

CHECKLIST ITEM AND DESCRIPTION	REPORTING CRITERIA	Page #		
DOMAIN 1: SCOPE AND PURPOSE				
1. OBJECTIVES Report the overall objective(s) of the guideline. The expected health benefits from the guideline are to be specific to the clinical problem or health topic.	<ul> <li>☐ Health intent(s) (i.e., prevention, screening, diagnosis, treatment, etc.)</li> <li>☐ Expected benefit(s) or outcome(s)</li> <li>☐ Target(s) (e.g., patient population, society)</li> </ul>	5		
2. QUESTIONS Report the health question(s) covered by the guideline, particularly for the key recommendations.	<ul> <li>☐ Target population</li> <li>☐ Intervention(s) or exposure(s)</li> <li>☐ Comparisons (if appropriate)</li> <li>☐ Outcome(s)</li> <li>☐ Health care setting or context</li> </ul>	6		
3. POPULATION  Describe the population (i.e., patients, public, etc.) to whom the guideline is meant to apply.	<ul> <li>☐ Target population, sex and age</li> <li>☐ Clinical condition (if relevant)</li> <li>☐ Severity/stage of disease (if relevant)</li> <li>☐ Comorbidities (if relevant)</li> <li>☐ Excluded populations (if relevant)</li> </ul>	7		
DOMAIN 2: STAKEHOLDER INVOLVEMENT				
4. GROUP MEMBERSHIP Report all individuals who were involved in the development process. This may include members of the steering group, the research team involved in selecting and reviewing/rating the evidence and individuals involved in formulating the final recommendations.	<ul> <li>Name of participant</li> <li>□ Discipline/content expertise (e.g., neurosurgeon, methodologist)</li> <li>□ Institution (e.g., St. Peter's hospital)</li> <li>□ Geographical location (e.g., Seattle, WA)</li> <li>□ A description of the member's role in the guideline development group</li> </ul>	5		
5. TARGET POPULATION PREFERENCES AND VIEWS Report how the views and preferences of the target population were sought/considered and what the resulting outcomes were.	<ul> <li>Statement of type of strategy used to capture patients'/publics' views and preferences (e.g., participation in the guideline development group, literature review of values and preferences)</li> <li>Methods by which preferences and views were sought (e.g., evidence from literature, surveys, focus groups)</li> <li>Outcomes/information gathered on patient/public information</li> <li>How the information gathered was used to inform the guideline development process and/or formation of the recommendations</li> </ul>	3		
<b>6. TARGET USERS</b> Report the target (or intended) users of the guideline.	<ul> <li>The intended guideline audience (e.g. specialists, family physicians, patients, clinical or institutional leaders/administrators)</li> <li>How the guideline may be used by its target audience (e.g., to inform clinical decisions, to inform policy, to inform standards of care)</li> </ul>	4		

DOMAIN 3: RIGOUR OF DEVELOPMENT		
7. SEARCH METHODS Report details of the strategy used to search for evidence.	<ul> <li>Named electronic database(s) or evidence source(s) where the search was performed (e.g., MEDLINE, EMBASE, PsychINFO, CINAHL)</li> <li>□ Time periods searched (e.g., January 1, 2004 to March 31, 2008)</li> <li>□ Search terms used (e.g., text words, indexing terms, subheadings)</li> <li>□ Full search strategy included (e.g., possibly located in appendix)</li> </ul>	6
8. EVIDENCE SELECTION CRITERIA Report the criteria used to select (i.e., include and exclude) the evidence. Provide rationale, where appropriate.	<ul> <li>☐ Target population (patient, public, etc.) characteristics</li> <li>☐ Study design</li> <li>☐ Comparisons (if relevant)</li> <li>☐ Outcomes</li> <li>☐ Language (if relevant)</li> <li>☐ Context (if relevant)</li> </ul>	6
9. STRENGTHS & LIMITATIONS OF THE EVIDENCE  Describe the strengths and limitations of the evidence. Consider from the perspective of the individual studies and the body of evidence aggregated across all the studies. Tools exist that can facilitate the reporting of this concept.  10. FORMULATION OF RECOMMENDATIONS  Describe the methods used to formulate the recommendations and how final decisions were reached. Specify any areas of disagreement and the methods used to resolve them.	Study design(s) included in body of evidence Study methodology limitations (sampling, blinding, allocation concealment, analytical methods) Appropriateness/relevance of primary and secondary outcomes considered Consistency of results across studies Direction of results across studies Magnitude of benefit versus magnitude of harm Applicability to practice context Recommendation development process (e.g., steps used in modified Delphi technique, voting procedures that were considered) Outcomes of the recommendation development process (e.g., extent to which consensus was reached using modified Delphi technique, outcome of voting procedures) How the process influenced the recommendations (e.g., results of Delphi	5
11. CONSIDERATION OF BENEFITS AND	technique influence final recommendation, alignment with recommendations and the final vote)  Supporting data and report of benefits	3
HARMS Report the health benefits, side effects, and risks that were considered when formulating the recommendations.	<ul> <li>Supporting data and report of harms/side effects/risks</li> <li>Reporting of the balance/trade-off between benefits and harms/side effects/risks</li> <li>Recommendations reflect considerations of both benefits and harms/side effects/risks</li> </ul>	
12. LINK BETWEEN RECOMMENDATIONS AND EVIDENCE Describe the explicit link between the recommendations and the evidence on which they are based.	<ul> <li>How the guideline development group linked and used the evidence to inform recommendations</li> <li>Link between each recommendation and key evidence (text description and/or reference list)</li> <li>Link between recommendations and evidence summaries and/or evidence tables in the results section of the guideline</li> </ul>	5

13. EXTERNAL REVIEW Report the methodology used to conduct the external review.	<ul> <li>Purpose and intent of the external review (e.g., to improve quality, gather feedback on draft recommendations, assess applicability and feasibility, disseminate evidence)</li> <li>Methods taken to undertake the external review (e.g., rating scale, open-ended questions)</li> <li>Description of the external reviewers (e.g., number, type of reviewers, affiliations)</li> <li>Outcomes/information gathered from the external review (e.g., summary of key findings)</li> <li>How the information gathered was used to inform the guideline development process and/or formation of the recommendations (e.g., guideline panel considered results of review in forming final recommendations)</li> </ul>	1
14. UPDATING PROCEDURE	A statement that the guideline will be updated	1
Describe the procedure for updating the	Explicit time interval or explicit criteria to guide	
guideline.	decisions about when an update will occur	
	Methodology for the updating procedure	
DOMAIN 4: CLARITY OF PRESENTATION		
15. SPECIFIC AND UNAMBIGUOUS	A statement of the recommended action	6
RECOMMENDATIONS	Intent or purpose of the recommended action (e.g.,	
Describe which options are appropriate in	to improve quality of life, to decrease side effects)	
which situations and in which population	Relevant population (e.g., patients, public)	
groups, as informed by the body of	Caveats or qualifying statements, if relevant	
evidence.	(e.g., patients or conditions for whom the	
	recommendations would not apply)	
	☐ If there is uncertainty about the best care	
	option(s), the uncertainty should be stated in the	
40 MANAGEMENT ORTIONS	guideline	_
16. MANAGEMENT OPTIONS	Description of management options	5
Describe the different options for managing	Population or clinical situation most appropriate	
the condition or health issue.	to each option	7
17. IDENTIFIABLE KEY RECOMMENDATIONS	Recommendations in a summarized box, typed	7
Present the key recommendations so that	in bold, underlined, or presented as flow charts or	
they are easy to identify.	algorithms  Specific recommendations grouped together in	
they are easy to lacinity.	one section	
DOMAIN E. ARRI ICARII ITV	one occurr	
DOMAIN 5: APPLICABILITY		
18. FACILITATORS AND BARRIERS TO	Types of facilitators and barriers that were	3
APPLICATION	considered	
Describe the facilitators and barriers to the	Methods by which information regarding the	
guideline's application.	facilitators and barriers to implementing	
	recommendations were sought (e.g., feedback from key stakeholders, pilot testing of guidelines	
	before widespread implementation)	
	Information/description of the types of facilitators	
	and barriers that emerged from the inquiry (e.g.,	
	practitioners have the skills to deliver the	
	recommended care, sufficient equipment is not	
	available to ensure all eligible members of the	
	population receive mammography)	

	☐ How the information influenced the guideline	
	development process and/or formation of the	
	recommendations	
19. IMPLEMENTATION ADVICE/TOOLS	Additional materials to support the	4
Provide advice and/or tools on how the	implementation of the guideline in practice.	
recommendations can be applied in	For example:	
practice.	<ul> <li>Guideline summary documents</li> </ul>	
P	<ul> <li>Links to check lists, algorithms</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Links to how-to manuals</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Solutions linked to barrier analysis (see Item</li> </ul>	
	18)	
	<ul> <li>Tools to capitalize on guideline facilitators</li> </ul>	
	(see Item 18)	
	<ul> <li>Outcome of pilot test and lessons learned</li> </ul>	
20. RESOURCE IMPLICATIONS	_	2
Describe any potential resource	(e.g., economic evaluations, drug acquisition	Γ
implications of applying the	costs)	
recommendations.	Methods by which the cost information was	
1000mmondadono.	sought (e.g., a health economist was part of the	
	guideline development panel, use of health	
	technology assessments for specific drugs, etc.)	
	Information/description of the cost information	
	that emerged from the inquiry (e.g., specific drug	
	acquisition costs per treatment course)	
	How the information gathered was used to inform	
	the guideline development process and/or	
	formation of the recommendations	
21. MONITORING/ AUDITING CRITERIA	Criteria to assess guideline implementation or	1
Provide monitoring and/or auditing criteria	adherence to recommendations	•
to measure the application of guideline	Criteria for assessing impact of implementing the	
recommendations.	recommendations	
recommendations.	Advice on the frequency and interval of	
	measurement	
	Operational definitions of how the criteria should	
	be measured	
	be measured	
DOMAIN 6: EDITORIAL INDEPENDENCE		
22. FUNDING BODY	The name of the funding body or source of	3
Report the funding body's influence on the	funding (or explicit statement of no funding)	
content of the guideline.	A statement that the funding body did not	
<b>G</b>	influence the content of the guideline	
23. COMPETING INTERESTS	Types of competing interests considered	3
Provide an explicit statement that all group	Methods by which potential competing interests	
members have declared whether they have	were sought	
any competing interests.	☐ A description of the competing interests	
, ,	How the competing interests influenced the	
	guideline process and development of	
	recommendations	

## From:

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For more information about the AGREE Reporting Checklist, please visit the AGREE Enterprise website at <a href="http://www.agreetrust.org">http://www.agreetrust.org</a>.